## Upholstery Cleaning & Care Codes

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| W    | Water-based Cleaning | The fabric can be **spot cleaned** with a **water-based shampoo** or **foam upholstery cleaner**.  
- You can use a brush to agitate the cleaner or even an upholstery attachment on a carpet cleaner.  
- Be careful to avoid over-wetting the stain.  
- **NOTE**: This does not mean it is machine washable. | • Chenille  
• Sunbrella® |
| S    | Solvent-based Professional Cleaning | The fabric **must be cleaned by a professional** furniture cleaning service using a **solvent-based cleaning agent** (often also indicated as "**dry clean only**").  
- Do not use water.  
- Do not spot treat stains with a water-free solvent or dry-cleaning product.  
- Use solvent cleaners in a well-ventilated room, away from open flames. | • Chenille  
• Velvet  
• Belgian Linen  
• Woven Patterns  
• Textures |
| W/S  | Water- or Solvent-Based Cleaning | The fabric can be **spot cleaned** using either a **water-based** or **solvent-based cleaning agent**. A professional should clean stains or perform a deeper cleaning.  
- Pre-testing is especially important: test the cleaning agent on a small, hidden area prior to use.  
- These fabrics can be spot cleaned with upholstery shampoo, mild detergent foam or a mild dry-cleaning solvent.  
- Do not saturate with liquid.  
- Pile fabrics may require brushing to restore appearance. | • Performance Linen  
• Sunbrella®  
• Woven Patterns  
• Textures |
| X    | Brush-only Cleaning | The fabric should be **cleaned only by vacuuming or light brushing** with a non-metallic stiff brush.  
- **DO NOT USE WATER OR A SOLVENT-BASED CLEANER.** | |
Additional Cleaning & Care Instructions

You should always consult the cleaning and care instructions that came with your product as they may have specific requirements.

We advise testing any cleaning method – especially on new products – on a small, hidden area prior to cleaning a larger area.

- Do not use a colored cloth as the color may transfer to the surface.
- Do not aggressively rub an area as that could damage the upholstery or scratch the surface.
- Never use a rag that has been previously used with any type of polish or cleaner.
- Keep furniture and upholstery away from prolonged, direct sunlight and heat sources to avoid discoloration, warping or – especially in the case of leather – unwanted drying.

**NATURAL LEATHER**

Natural leather can be **gently dry dusted** on a regular basis with a **clean soft white cloth** or using a **vacuum with a soft drapery attachment**. For stubborn food stains, gently blot the area using distilled water and a clean white cloth until the food releases from the surface.

- Do not rub the area as that could change the look of the leather.
- Allow leather to air dry.
- Regular care and cleaning allow our leathers to naturally age. Oiling or conditioning is not necessary.

**PERFORMANCE LEATHER**

Performance leather can be **dry dusted** on a regular basis with a **clean soft white cloth** or using a **vacuum with a soft drapery attachment**. It can be **cleaned using a mild soap-and-water solution**. For stubborn food stains, gently blot the area using distilled water and a clean white cloth until the food releases from the surface.

- If soap is used, gently blot the area with distilled water to remove any soap residue.
- Do not rub the area as that could change the look of the leather.
- Allow leather to air dry
- Regular care and cleaning allow our leathers to naturally age. Oiling or conditioning is not necessary.

**FURNITURE SURFACES**

All furniture surfaces should be **regularly dusted** using a **clean, dry soft white cloth**. **Cleaning** can be done using a **mild soap-and-water solution** with care taken to avoid harsh cleaners.

- Do not allow the cleaning solution to pool; wipe away excess with a clean, soft white cloth.